Overview of the Climate Action Reserve

Webinar will begin shortly

For audio, please dial (213) 286-1201

Access code: 234-507-388



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Presentation Overview



- 1. Background on the Climate Action Reserve
- 2. What is different about the Reserve?
- 3. Our protocols
- 4. The project registration process
- 5. Finding information on our website
- What we will not be covering
 - Software demo
 - Technical details on using the protocols

History of the Climate Action Reserve



- Founded as the California Climate Action Registry by state legislation in 2001
 - Encourage voluntary reporting and reductions
 - Develop protocols to track GHG emissions and reductions

Objectives of the Climate Action Reserve



- Address public concerns about the voluntary carbon market that:
 - Projects aren't additional
 - Credits are being double counted or sold
- Our reputation for high-quality accounting standards can address these concerns
 - Show that carbon offsets can be a useful tool in addressing climate change
- Intended to be the premier place to register carbon offset projects for North America
 - Be the recognized "seal of approval"

Relationship with the Climate Registry



- The Climate Registry is a non-profit set up by U.S. states, Canadian provinces, Mexican states and native sovereign nations to track GHG emissions
 - Sister organization to the Reserve
- The Climate Registry does not track GHG reduction projects—just entity footprints

Relationship with VCS—the Voluntary Carbon Standard



- VCS is an international program that links together the highest quality carbon offset programs
- The Reserve is the only U.S. program recognized by VCS
- CRTs will be convertible into VCUs—but not the reverse

Recognition



Recognized and Supported by:

- California Air Resources Board
- State of Pennsylvania
- Voluntary Carbon Standard (VCS)
- Leading environmental organizations:
 - Environment America
 - Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC)
 - Union of Concerned Scientists
 - Sierra Club
 - Wilderness Society

Transparency



- Unparalleled transparency makes the Reserve unique
- Public reports include:
 - All protocols
 - List of all account-holders
 - List of all projects and all project documents
 - List of all issued CRTs for every project
 - All retired CRTs

Performance standard



- Why a performance standard is different
 - The hard work is upfront
 - Assess industry practice as a whole, rather than individual project activities
- Less subjective determination to qualify
- More certainty in amount of credits
- Lower risk for developers
- Faster project processing

Separation of Roles



- Reserve develops protocols but does not develop projects
- Does not take ownership of offsets
- 501(c)(3) non-profit status
- Third-party verification
 - Consistent with international standards
 - Accreditation done by ANSI
 - Conflict of interest analysis on every project

Connecting markets



- For now, main demand is from the voluntary market
- In the future, projects may be usable for compliance in California, Western Climate Initiative or in a national system
 - Regulators have yet to make decisions on these questions
 - But, the Reserve "is considered the premier pre-compliance offset standard." (State of the Voluntary Carbon Markets 2009)

Our Protocols



- Developed with broad public input
- Goal is to create a uniform standard that is widely recognized and builds on best practice
 - We incorporate the best elements of other protocols
 - We do not accept protocols from other programs (i.e. CDM, Gold Standard, VCS, etc.)
- Designed as step-by-step instructions on project development

Protocol Development Process



- 1. Literature review
- 2. Scoping/kick-off meeting
- 3. Multi-stakeholder workgroup formation
- 4. Draft protocol to workgroup
- 5. Revised draft released for public comment
- 6. Public workshop
- 7. Adoption by Reserve board in public session
 - It is unique for a non-profit Board to meet in public
- 8. Adoption by California Air Resources Board in public session

Existing Protocols



- Forestry
 - Improved forest management
 - Avoided conversion
 - Reforestation
- Landfill gas capture (US & Mexico)
- Livestock methane capture (US & Mexico)
- Organic waste digestion
- Coal mine methane
- Urban forestry

14

Protocols under consideration for 2009-2010



Agriculture and Biological Sequestration

- Composting*
- Soil sequestration
 - Cropland
 - Rangeland
 - Biochar
- Tidal wetlands restoration

Industrial Processes

- Boiler efficiency
- Ozone depleting substances*
- N₂O from nitric acid plants*
- Natural gas T&D systems

Transportation

Truck stop electrification

* In-progress

Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Protocols



- No renewable energy protocol is planned
 - You may be able to generate RECs through other programs from methane destruction projects if you are generating electricity
- No electrical energy efficiency/green building protocols are planned
 - This is only for electricity. We are planning a natural gas efficiency protocol
- Why? Electricity is certain to be a capped sector under any GHG regulation

Steps to eligibility



- Location U.S. (and its territories) or Mexico (specific protocols)
- 2. Project started operation after 1/1/2001
 - 8/15/08 for Mexico
 - This is changing with new protocols
- 3. Regulatory screen not legally required
- 4. Performance standard for additionality
- Compliance must meet all applicable environmental regulations

Verification



- Developer must select an accredited verifier
- Verifier submits conflict of interest form every time
- Developer hires verifier
 - Verifier makes determination how many tonnes of reduction have taken place
 - Project documents, verification report and verification opinion submitted to the Reserve





- CRTs are only issued ex-post, after the reductions have occurred and been successfully verified
- The Reserve credits the project developer's account with the appropriate number of CRTs (Climate Reserve Tonnes, pronounced "carrots")
- Each CRT has a unique serial number for tracking
 - Includes embedded information about the project, project type, vintage, and location
- Each project has a limited crediting period
 - 100 years for forestry, 10 years for everything else

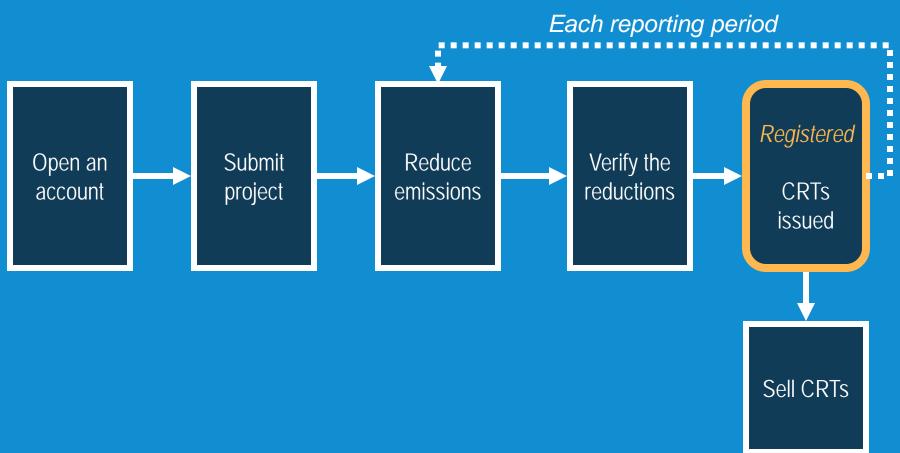
Transferring credits



- Developer contracts to sell CRTs with an interested buyer
 - Financial transaction is outside of the system
 - Buyer must have an account on the system or seller can retire them on behalf of buyer
- Developer instructs the system to transfer the CRTs into the buyer's account
- Buyer can hold them, retire them or transfer them to someone else
- CRT futures can now be traded on the CCFE

The Reserve process



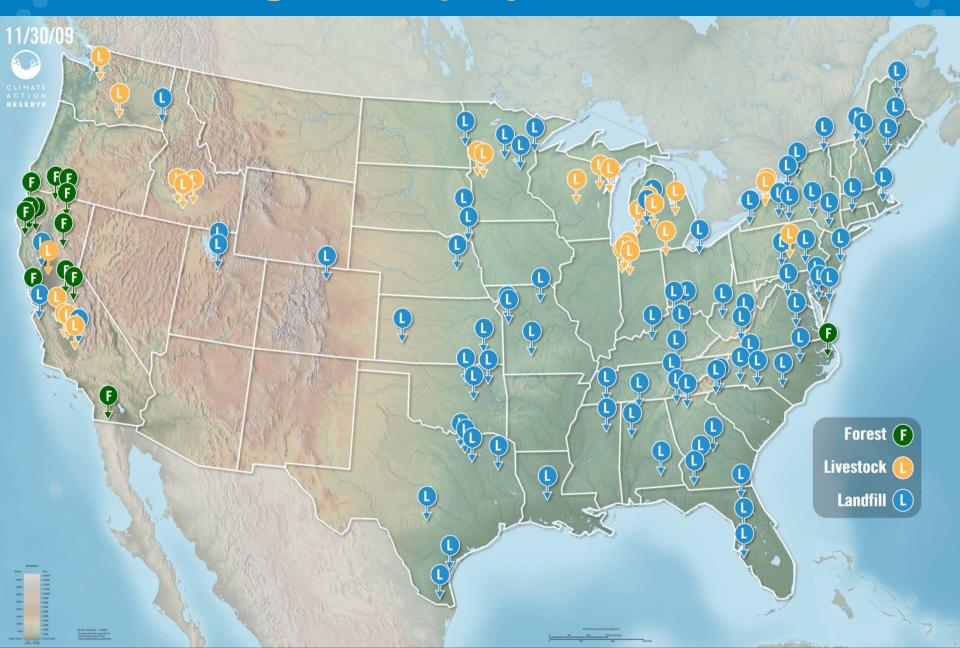


Fee Structure



- Account Maintenance: \$500/year
- Project Listing: \$500/project
- CRT Issuance: \$0.20/tonne
- CRT Transfer: \$0.03/tonne
- Retirement: Free

Listed & registered projects



Current Statistics

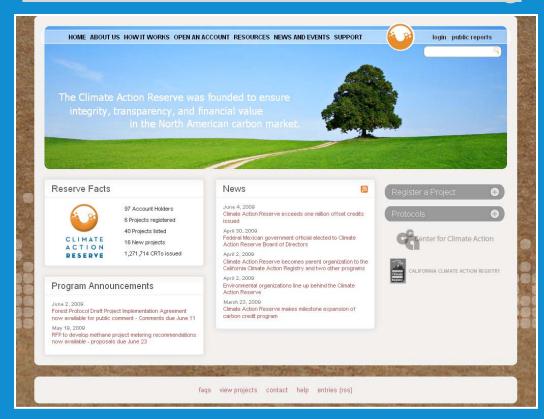


- Reserve launched: May 2008
- Account-holders: 185
- Total submitted projects: 170
 - Located in 39 states
- CRTs issued: ~1.87 million
- Recent average price: \$6.80 per CRT
 - According to New Energy Finance, Global Carbon Quarterly Q3 2009, September 2009





www.climateactionreserve.org







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